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#### CERTIFICATION

This is to certify that the following is, to the best of our knowledge and belief, a true and accurate translation into ENGLISH of the attached document(s) relating to:

Publication of Unexamined Patent Application S58-210289

written	in	JAPANESE	

NEWTYPE COMMUNICATIONS, INC.

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(54) Window opening-and-closing device

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#### **SPECIFICATION**

### 1. Title of the Invention

Window opening-and-closing device

#### 2. Claims

A window opening-and-closing device that is characterized in that it is made in such a way that it has a support fitting that is fastened to a metal border and a receptacle fitting that is fastened to the window frame, the two fittings are coupled by passing through guide holes in guide parts a shaft that passes through an insert-through part provided on the support fitting, receptacle parts provided on the receptacle fitting are made to face support pieces provided on the support fitting and the support pieces are caught by the receptacle parts in the state in which the metal border closes the window frame, and in the state in which the metal border opens up from the window frame, the guide holes guide the shaft and rotate and support the metal border.

### 3. Detailed Description of the Invention

This invention concerns a window openingand-closing device that is made in such a way that opening and closing is done by putting a metal border in a perpendicular state with respect to the window frame by putting it down on either the interior or exterior side.

Many types of so-called "rotating windows" are known, in which the left or right side or the upper edge or lower edge of a metal border is supported rotatably, and opening and closing is done by rotating said metal border to the exterior or interior side. With regard to the composition of a rotating window, in many of them the window frame and the metal

border are coupled by an arm, and as one that makes use of the metal border itself, the one disclosed in utility model S51-26905 [1976] is known.

But the opening-and-closing device of a window of this composition requires that a guide fitting for the metal border be provided within the side frame of the window frame.

This makes the on-site installation work very troublesome, and in particular the metal border cannot be opened and closed without accurate positioning of the guide fitting and of the hinge that protrudes from the metal border.

This invention, which is proposed in view of what has been described above, offers a window opening-and-closing device in which the operation of opening and closing can be done easily using the weight of the metal border itself, and which can be very simply attached to the window frame.

In the following, we describe this invention by means of the working example depicted in the drawings.

In the case of a high-rise building, window frame 1 consists of long vertical frames (jambs) 2 and crosspieces (transoms) 3, with metal border 4 fittedin between the left and right vertical frames 2, 2 and the top and bottom crosspieces 3, 3.

The opening-and-closing device of this. invention consists of support fitting 5, which is fastened to metal border 4, and receptacle fitting 6, which is fastened to crosspiece 3 of window frame 1; preferably, support fitting 5 is fastened to lower frame 4' of metal border 4, and receptacle fitting 6 is fastened to the crosspiece 3 that is positioned on the lower side of metal border 4.

In said support fitting 5, which preferably is formed from aluminum or another metal, horizontal cylindrical shaft insert-through part 11 is provided on the end of fold-back part 9 of attachment part 10, on which vertical part 8 is provided facing downward on one edge of long horizontal part 7, and fold-back part 9 is provided roughly parallel to vertical part 7 on the lower end of said vertical part 8, and obliquely downward-facing support piece 12 is extended to the base end of fold-back part 9 and insert-through part

And in said receptacle fitting 6, guide parts 14 protrude obliquely upward on one edge of horizontally long attachment base plate 13 separated from each other by the length of said insert-through part 11, and receptacle part 15 is provided on an edge of attachment base plate 13 so as to be positioned at the base end of said guide parts 14. It has on each guide part 14 an arc-shaped guide hole 16 centered on receptacle part 15, and receptacle part 15 is made in a groove shape with two protruding strips 17, 17 provided lengthwise on the surface of attachment base plate 13.

Said support fitting 5 and receptacle fitting 6 form a hinge structure with both ends of shaft 18, which goes through insert-through part 11, passing through guide holes 16, 16 in left and right guide part 14, 14.

It is preferable that two thus constructed opening-and-closing devices be attached to each metal border 4 as shown in Figure 1, and that in attaching them, horizontal part 7 of support fitting 5 be put against the lower surface of lower frame 4' of metal border 4, and that the screws that go through small holes 7' in said horizontal part 7 be screwed to lower frame 4'. Done in this way, receptacle fitting 6 will hang from the lower surface of metal border 4, causing lower frame 4' to be opposite crosspiece 3 with metal border 4 in window-open state as shown by the dotted line in Figure 3. Then attachment base plate 13 of receptacle fitting 6 will be against the upper surface of crosspiece 3, and the screws that pass through small holes 13' in said attachment base plate 13 will be screwed to crosspiece 3.

If an opening-and-closing device consists of a receptacle fitting and a support fitting is interposed between the metal border and the window frame in this way, said opening-and-closing device will have a hinge function in opening and closing the That is, in the window-closed state in which metal border 4 is roughly perpendicular and window frame 1 is sealed, support piece 12 will catch on receptacle piece 15 as shown in Figure 2, and the end side of shaft 18 will be positioned above guide Therefore almost all the load of metal border 4 is borne by support piece 12. Beginning with such a window-closed state, if rotated so as to make metal border 4 more horizontal, then as shown

by the solid lines in Figure 3, support fitting 5 will rotate about the lower end of support piece 12 as a fulcrum, and at the same time shaft 18 will rotate downward along guide holes 16. And when further rotated from the state in which shaft 18 has reached the lower end of guide hole 16, so as to make metal frame 4 even more horizontal, then as shown by the dotted line in Figure 3, support fitting 5 rotates about shaft 18 as a fulcrum, support piece12 lifts upward out of receptacle part 15, and a window-open state results. Therefore the load of metal border 4 is transferred from support piece 12 to shaft 18, and the rotation of metal border 4 becomes smooth.

Also, if, from a window-open state in which metal border 4 is in a horizontal position, it is rotated to bring it back into a vertical state, then support fitting 5, after rotating in reverse about shaft 18 as a fulcrum, if the tip of support piece 12 is brought to lie against receptacle part 15, then it rotates about said receptacle part 15 as a fulcrum, and shaft 18 shifts upward along guide holes 16.

Therefore in this case too, the load of the metal border shifts rapidly, making the rotation smooth.

Thus with this invention, not only does the opening-and-closing operation of the metal border become very simple, but in particular the support fitting and receptacle fitting can be fastened securely to the metal border and window frame while their shaft-coupled hinge structure remains. Thus there is no need for any assembly operation at the construction site, and if the support fittings are fastened to the metal border beforehand, such as at the factory, then it suffices simply to attach the receptacle fittings to the window frame as-is, with no need for adjusting the attachment position.

And because the support fittings and receptacle fittings are positioned between the metal border and the window frame and are not exposed on the surface, they do no detract from the attractive appearance of the building.

In the above working example we have presented the case in which the guide parts of the receptacle fittings are provided on the left and right, but multiple such parts may be provided as well, such as having three or more at suitable intervals and providing the insert-through parts of the support fittings with suitable spacing between adjacent guide And the composition of both the support fittings and the receptacle fittings may be modified, as long as they do not change the gist of what is set forth in the claims.

#### 4. Brief explanation of the drawings

The drawings depict a working example of this invention; Figure 1 is a schematic front view installed in a window frame, Figure 2 is a partial side view of the window-closed state, Figure 3 is a side

view of the same in window-open state, and Figure 4 is an exploded perspective view.

5 ... support fitting, 6 ... receptacle fitting, 11 ... insert-through part, 12 ... support piece, 14 ... guide part, 15 ... receptacle part, 16 ... guide hole, 18 ... shaft.

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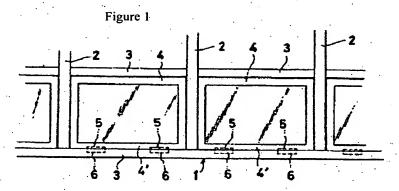
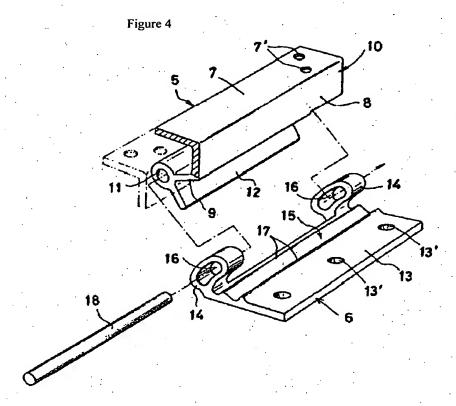


Figure 2 Figure 3



# (JP)

4 特許出願公開

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## 砂窓の開閉装置

创特

第 昭57-92125

@出

顧 昭57(1982)6月1日

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明細類

1. 発明の名称

窓の開閉装置

2.特許請求の範囲

金属隊子に固定する支持金具と窓枠に固定する支持金具に設けた神通郎に通す軸を受金具に設けた案内部の案内孔に通して両金具を建設し、支持金具に殴けた支持庁を受金具に設けた受配に臨ませて金属隊子が窓枠を閉じている状態では受配で支持庁を受け止め、金属隊子が窓枠から関く状態では案内孔が他をガイドして金属隊子を回動支持するようにしたとを特徴とする窓の開閉設置。

3.発明の詳細な説明

この発明は窓枠に対して金属障子を室内側に一 又は室外側に倒したり直立状にして開閉するよ うにした窓の開閉袋間に関するものである。 金属障子の左右一貫又は上級、下級を回動可能 に支持し、鉄金属障子を塞外側又は室内病に回 動して開閉する所創回転窓は多種知られている。 回転窓の構成としては窓枠と金属障子とをアームで連結したものが多いが、金属障子の目置を 利用したものとして異公昭 5 1 - 2 4 9 0 5 号 公報に示すものが知られている。

しかしたの構成の窓の開閉装置は窓枠の倒枠内 邸に金属障子の米内金具を設けなければならない。

したがつて規制での取付作業が極めて面倒で、 特に業内金具と、金銭除子から奥山するヒンジー との位置関係を正確にしないと金銭除子を開閉 できない。

本発明な上記に級み提案されたもので、金属障子の目室を利用して駐快に開閉接作することができ、しかも窓枠への取付けが進めて簡単な窓の開閉装置を提供する。

以下に本発明を図示の実施的により説明する。 高層継兼物の場合、窓枠/は長尺な縦枠(方立) よと調材(無目)」とにより構成され、左右の 森枠」、」と上下の機材3、」との間に金属降・ 子々を嵌め付けてある。

本発明の開閉装置に金属障子4に固定する支持金具3と窓枠1の機材3に固定する受金具6とからなり、算ましくは支持金具3を金属障子4の下框4'に固定し、受金具4を金属障子4の下側に位置する。

上記支持会具まは、被長な水平配分?の一個酸 に垂直部分 8 を下向きに設け、砂盤値部分 8 の 下端に水平部分?とほど平行な折返部分 9 を設 けてなる取付部 10 の折返配分 9 先端に提動状の 軸用挿通郎 11 を設けるとともに、折返部分 9 と 挿通部 11 との 番端に斜下向きの支持片 12 を延改 したもので、アルミニウム、その他の金郎によ り形成するのが望ましい。

又、上記受金具を互換長な取付番板12の一個数 に前記揮通部11の長さだけ能して斜上方に隆出 する案内部14を設けるとともに、取付器板12の 倒縁には上記案内部14の番簿に位置するように 受部13を設けたものである。各案内部14に打受 思25を中心とする強状の案内孔14を有し、また

別装置は珠帯敬能を有して窓を開閉する。即ち、 金属障子のがほど直立状となつて窓枠ノを切止 した閉窓状態では第2段で示すように支持片は が受胎は反受付止められ、軸はの強節側が案内 孔16の上端に位置している。したがつて金属隊 子の何光はほとんど支持片はで受け止めてい る。とのような閉窓状態から会属障子のを制す ように回動すると、第3回災額で泳すように支 持金具なは支持片はの下端を支点に回動し。同 時に触ばが案内孔はに沿い下方に同動する。そ して軸はが案内孔はの下端にまて達した状態か 5更に金国院子のを倒すように回動すると、部 5 Ŋ銀銀で示すよりに支持金具3 は船はを支点 に国動し、支持片はが受用はから上方に引れて 開題状態となる。したがつて金属降子半の街直 は支持片はから曲は火移動し、金銭短子4の脚 動が円付となる。

なお金銭数子が対れた開窓状態から収立状態 に戻し回動すると、支持会具を灯上配とは逆に 輸びを支点に回動した後、支持片はの先端が受 受用31万电付益根13の表面に長さ方向に沿い設けた2本の臨出系17。17により形状に構成されている。

上配した支持金具3と受金具6とは、挿通部11 に通す軸18の内閣を左右最内部14、14の架内孔 14、14に通して乗番構造にする。

このようにしてなるのは、 はいからないのようにしてなるのは、 ないでは、 ないではないでは、 ないではないではないではないないではないないではないではないいではないないではないないではないいではないないではないないでいないないでいないないでいないないでいないないでいないないいいいではないいいでい

部13 に破壁すると数受部13 を支点に回動し、軸14 が案内孔14 におい上方に移動する。

したがつてとの場合においても全域除子の荷金が退かに移動するので回動が円滑である。

このように本発明によれば金銭牌子の開閉作動が低めて簡単となるばかりでなく、特に支持金具と受金具とを軸で連絡した総番解産のまる金銭除子と慰枠とに固定することができる。 したがつて建築規制で何も耐立てる必要がなく、支持金具をあらかじめ工場などで金属除子に固定すれば受金具をそのまる影枠に取付けるだけでよく、取付位置を調節する手間がない。

また支持金具及び受金具は金属除子と機材との 間に位置して製面に確比したいので、騒象物の 受感を扱うにとがない。

上記した実成例では党企具の案内部を左右に設けた場合を示したが、選宜問題で3個以上設けるとともに支持金具の持途部を取り合う案内部問題に初まるように複数設けてもよい。また支持金具、党金具とも特許額次の範囲に配載した

終行を変えない限りどのような解放にでも変更 することができる。

#### 4. 図面のM甲 左説明

図的は平発明の実施例を示すもので乳 | 総は 窓枠に取付けた紙略正面図、第2図は閉窓状態 の一部を欠載した側面図、第3図は胸思状態の 門上の側面図、第4図は分解新視図である。 3 …支持金具、6 …受金具、11 …神波配、12 … 支持庁、14 …案内部、15 …受略、16 …条内孔、18 … 軸

#### 特許出顧人 昭和アルミサッシ仮発像式会社

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